

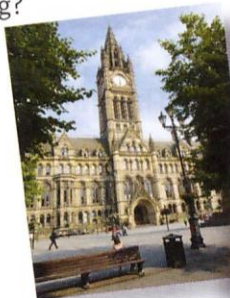
Practice

A Underline the correct option.

- 1 They play / are playing rugby twice a week.
- 2 Are you having / Do you have breakfast every morning?
- 3 It snows / is snowing so we can't go skiing.
- 4 Your guide speaks / is speaking three languages.
- 5 We don't know / aren't knowing the way.
- 6 The DJ plays / is playing my favourite song.
- 7 Do you like / Are you liking the food?
- 8 I'm not laughing / don't laugh, I'm crying / cry.

B Match the pairs.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1 She speaks French well | a because the tourist doesn't know Italian. |
| 2 She is speaking French | b because her mother is from Paris. |
| 3 It rains a lot | a in Mozambique. |
| 4 It's raining a lot | b and I'm wet. |
| 5 She always has lunch | a – please phone later. |
| 6 She's having lunch | b at school. |
| 7 A: Do you buy computer games? | a B: Yes, I'm in the shop. |
| 8 A: Are you buying a computer game? | b B: No, I download them from the Internet. |
| 9 I don't work. | a It's Sunday. |
| 10 I'm not working. | b I'm a student. |
| 11 A: What is she doing? | a B: She's reading. |
| 12 A: What does she do? | b B: She's a student. |



D Complete this postcard with the present simple or present continuous of the verbs in brackets.

Hi, Rita,
 I ¹ 'm having (have) a lovely time in Manchester. The weather is nice and warm today, the sun ² is shining (shine) and everyone ³ is wearing (wear) T-shirts. Our teacher is great. He ⁴ comes (come) from Manchester too but he ⁵ doesn't speak (not speak) English with an accent. We ⁶ study (study) three hours in the morning and ⁷ go (go) on excursions in the afternoon. Now I ⁸ am sitting (sit) in a café on King Street. I ⁹ don't think (not think) a king really ¹⁰ lives (live) here! How are you? ¹¹ are you working (work) this summer? Write soon.
 Love, Julio

MY TURN!

You are on holiday. In your notebook, write a text message to your friend. Describe what you are doing and what you are wearing. Tell your friend what you do every day and what you like / don't like.
 Example: I'm lying by the pool. I swim every day.

C Complete the dialogues using the verbs in the box in the present simple or present continuous. Some are negatives or questions.

agree carry know need rain understand wait wear

- 1 A: I don't understand these instructions.
B: Why not? They look clear to me.
- 2 A: London is a very expensive city.
B: Yes, I know with you.
- 3 A: Do you need any help?
B: No, I'm OK, thanks.
- 4 A: She is wearing a coat.
B: That's strange – it's very cold today.
- 5 A: They are carrying a piano up the stairs.
B: Help them – it's very heavy.
- 6 A: Where is the History Museum?
B: Sorry, I don't know.
- 7 A: Is Terry waiting for me?
B: Yes – you're late.
- 8 A: It's a lovely day for a picnic.
B: We're lucky that it is raining.

MY TEST!

Circle the correct option.

- 1 The tourist is looking for the Eiffel Tower.
a is looking b look c are looking
- 2 He has a map, but he isn't understanding it.
a isn't understanding b doesn't understand c isn't understand
- 3 A: Do you have a car? B: Yes, but I never drive in Paris.
a Are you have b Do you have c Are you having
- 4 When we are in Paris, we always go by metro.
a are go b are going c go
- 5 It is often sunny in Paris, but today it is raining.
a are rain b is raining c rains

My Test! answers: 1a 2b 3b 4c 5b



Review: present simple and present continuous

A Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. Be careful with spelling.

- 1 My sister plays (play) tennis every week and always watches (watch) tennis matches on TV.
- 2 Look at that cat! It runs (run) very fast. I think it tries (try) to catch that bird.
- 3 My uncle works (work) in a factory. He fixes (fix) broken computers.
- 4 The baby cries (cry) again. She always cries (cry) when she's hungry.
- 5 Look! Everyone has (have) a great time at the party. Some people are dancing (dance), and some chat (chat).
- 6 Mark usually studies (study) very hard for exams, but he doesn't study (not study) tonight. He makes (make) a model.
- 7 Alice really doesn't want (not want) her yoga course to end. She says (say) it's great.
- 8 Daniel has (have) an easy life. He just relaxes (relax) all day and goes (go) to parties at night.

B Underline the correct option.

Chris: Hello?

Sue: Hi Chris. It's Sue. ¹Are / Do you at home?

Chris: No, ²I'm not / I don't. I'm at school. Why?

Sue: ³Are / Do you have my Biology book?

Chris: Your Biology book? I think I have it but ⁴I'm not / I don't remember where. Just a moment ... no, it ⁵isn't / doesn't in my bag.

Sue: ⁶Is / does it on your desk at home?

Chris: Ah, yes. Sorry. ⁷Are / Do you need it?

Sue: Yes, I do. We have a big Biology test tomorrow. ⁸I'm not / I don't understand Biology, so I need to study.

Chris: No, you ⁹aren't / don't. Mrs Williams ¹⁰isn't / doesn't at school this week. She's ill.

Sue: Really?


Chris: Yes. So the test ¹¹isn't / doesn't tomorrow. It's next Thursday. You ¹²aren't / don't need to study tonight.



C Change the statements into negatives and the negatives into statements.

- 1 I'm very good at sports, but I don't like watching sport on TV.
I'm not very good at sports, but I like watching sport on TV.
- 2 My brother plays the guitar, but he isn't very good at singing.
.....
- 3 We are very happy. Our team is winning.
.....
- 4 Ann and Robert like London and they're planning to stay there.
.....
- 5 Lucy is very good at dancing. We enjoy her shows.
.....
- 6 Marcus is playing a computer game at the moment. He plays computer games every night.
.....
- 7 That song is very good. I want to listen to it again.
.....
- 8 Tony doesn't eat hamburgers. He doesn't eat a lot of meat.
.....
- 9 Joanna has a swimming competition next week, so she is practising very hard today.
.....
- 10 I don't go to school by bus – I walk. So I don't have time to read magazines on the way.
.....

D Complete the email with the present simple or the present continuous of the verbs in brackets.



Hi Luis

Thanks for your email. I'm really pleased that you ¹ *'re enjoying* (enjoy) your English course in the UK.
² (your English / get) better?

We're all fine here – as always. I ³ (not / have) much free time at the moment.
 I ⁴ (practise) hard for the tennis competition – only three weeks to go and I'm really nervous
 about it. I really ⁵ (want) to win the competition this year. Brian ⁶ (think) I'm
 playing well, but I ⁷ (not think) I am.

⁸ (you / remember) my 'baby sister' Maria? Well, can you believe she's 13 now?
 We ⁹ (still / think) of her as a little child, but she's very grown-up now. She
¹⁰ (learn) to play the violin, and she's already quite good. She ¹¹ (play) right
 now, while I ¹² (write) this email.

Right, time to stop writing. I have loads of work to do! See you soon.

Angela

E Cross out all the wrong options.

- Carl ~~work~~ / *works* very hard most days, but he ~~don't~~ / *doesn't work* / ~~works~~ at the weekend. He ~~relax~~ / *relaxes*.
- My cat ~~sleep~~ / *sleeps* all day and ~~go~~ / *goes* out all night. She never ~~catch~~ / *catches* birds – she's too slow.
- A: ~~Do~~ / *Does* Caroline ~~go~~ / *goes* to your school?
B: No, she ~~don't~~ / *doesn't*. She ~~go~~ / *goes* to a private school in the city.
- Sam and Leo ~~play~~ / *plays* tennis every week, but Sam never ~~win~~ / *wins*. Leo always ~~beat~~ / *beats* him.
- A: ~~Do~~ / *Does* you ~~know~~ / *knows* Frances?
B: Maybe. ~~Do~~ / *Does* she ~~have~~ / *has* long blonde hair?
A: Yes, she ~~do~~ / *does*.
- We always ~~visit~~ / *visits* our grandmother in the winter. She ~~live~~ / *lives* on a farm.
- It ~~don't~~ / *doesn't snow* / *snows* very often here, but sometimes it ~~rain~~ / *rains* non-stop for weeks. I ~~don't~~ / *doesn't like* / *likes* it.
- A: ~~Do~~ / *Does* Stuart and Paula ~~like~~ / *likes* dancing?
B: Well, Stuart ~~love~~ / *loves* dancing, but Paula ~~don't~~ / *doesn't enjoy* / *enjoys* it.
- A: ~~Do~~ / *Does* your computer ~~stop~~ / *stops* very often?
B: Yes, it ~~do~~ / *does*. I ~~want~~ / *wants* to buy a new one.

F What do the people say in these situations? Complete the sentences with the imperative or negative imperative of the words in the box.

be late be quiet bring come drink go out look at touch wait wash

- It is lunchtime. What do you say to your young sister?
Wash your hands before you eat.
- Your young sister wants to help with the cooking. What do you say?
..... the pot – it's hot!
- You are sitting in the exam room. Everyone is talking before the exam. What does the teacher say?
Please
- A student is trying to see his friend's answers. What does the teacher say?
..... your friend's work.
- You receive an invitation to a friend's party. What does the invitation say?
..... to my party on Saturday.
- Your friend wants everyone at the party on time. What does the invitation say?
The party starts at 8 –
- If you enter Australia, there are some things you can't have with you. What does the sign in the airport say?
..... fresh fruit into the country.
- You need to show your passport at the airport. There are a lot of people there. What does the sign say?
Please here.
- You are ill. What does the doctor say?
Stay at home –
- The doctor wants you to have more water. What does he say?
..... three glasses of water every day.

A Complete the story by matching the phrases in the box to the correct places.

- a while it was running
- b and showing me his photos while we were eating
- c when John was speaking
- d because we were hungry
- e it ran away
- f when it happened

- 1 I was visiting my friend John in Australia ¹ _____ f _____.
- 2 We were having dinner early ² _____.
- 3 He was telling me about his family ³ _____.
- 4 Suddenly, a kangaroo jumped through the window ⁴ _____.
- 5 While we were thinking what to do next, ⁵ _____.
- 6 He took a photo of the kangaroo ⁶ _____.

B Match each picture to the correct sentence.



- 1 She was running when she saw him. ☐ a
- 2 She ran when she saw him. ☐ b



- 3 We went home while it was raining. ☐
- 4 When it started raining, we went home. ☐



- 5 We talked about it when we got home. ☐
- 6 We talked about it while we were going home. ☐



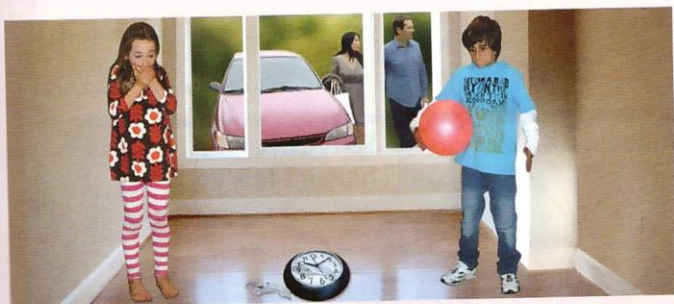
- 7 When he finished his lunch, Dad read the paper. ☐
- 8 Dad read the paper while he was finishing his lunch. ☐



C Underline the correct option. Sometimes more than one option is possible.

- 1 I was having / had a shower when my friend called.
- 2 While Sally was walking / walked to the station, she met Harry.
- 3 Tom went to bed and was saying / said, 'Goodnight.'
- 4 Did you get angry when she finally was telling / told you?
- 5 We danced while the music was playing / played.
- 6 I was meeting / met David many years ago.
- 7 Were the Romans using / Did the Romans use paper?
- 8 When she wasn't watching / didn't watch, I took another biscuit.

Complete these stories using the correct past simple or past continuous forms of the verbs in brackets.



The clock ¹ broke (break) while the children
² (play) football in the house.
 The clock ³ (fall) when the ball
⁴ (hit) it. The accident ⁵
 (happen) while their parents ⁶ (come) home.



Jill ⁷ (drink) her coffee when she
⁸ (hear) her phone. It was her mother. While
 they ⁹ (speak), a man ¹⁰ (run)
 to the table and ¹¹ (give) Jill some flowers.

E Circle the correct option.

Police officer: What ¹ when you saw the elephant?

Driver: I ² through the park.

Police officer: ³ quickly?

Driver: No, I ⁴ fast because there were a lot of
 animals. My wife ⁵ out of the window
 and watching some lions. She ⁶ to take
 some photos of them but while she ⁷
 the camera out of her bag, an elephant ran
 at the car!

Police officer: Why ⁸ away while the elephant ⁹ ?

Driver: The elephant was very fast. I only ¹⁰ the
 elephant when it hit our car.

- 1 a do you do b was you doing **c were you doing**
- 2 a was driving b drove c were driving
- 3 a Did you go b Were you going c Was you going
- 4 a wasn't driving b weren't driving c didn't drive
- 5 a was looking b were looking c looked
- 6 a were wanting b was wanting c wanted
- 7 a got b was getting c were getting
- 8 a didn't you drive b wasn't you driving
c weren't you driving
- 9 a ran b was running c were running
- 10 a were seeing b was seeing c saw

F Make sentences from the words and write them in your notebook. Put one verb in the past simple and one verb in the past continuous.

- 1 I / shop / when / meet / her
I was shopping when I met her.
- 2 While / we / eat / breakfast / the letter / arrive
- 3 Sarah / not go / because / she / not feel / very well
- 4 As / I / fall / my parachute / suddenly / open
- 5 you / have / a shower / when / I / phone?
- 6 Gavin / break / his arm / while / he / do / judo

G Make excuses for the following situations using the past continuous (and past simple, if you want). The excuses can be funny!

- 1 Why are you late for school?
I was taking my pet kangaroo for a walk and it ran away.
- 2 Why are your shoes dirty?
.....
- 3 Why did you eat all the chocolates?
.....
- 4 Why didn't you do your homework?
.....
- 5 Why are you sleeping in class?
.....
- 6 Why didn't you answer the telephone?
.....

H Circle the correct option.

- 1 We went to the cinema last night and a film.
It was excellent.
a watching **b watched** c were watching
- 2 She didn't understand the game. While I the
instructions, she was writing a text.
a was explaining b am explaining c explained
- 3 The man took her bag and away with it. We
never saw him again.
a run b ran c was running
- 4 She hurt her head when she fell off her bike. She
..... a helmet.
a not wearing b didn't wear c wasn't wearing
- 5 A: What when you heard the noise?
B: I ran outside to help.
a did you do b were you doing c you were doing
- 6 Were you playing hockey when you broke your nose?
B: Yes, I
a did b were c was



Review: the future

A Match the questions to the answers.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Shall we go dancing tonight? | a Yes, they're never late. |
| 2 Will it be cold in Germany? | b No, I'm not. She's on holiday, so I'm going to stay at home. |
| 3 Are you meeting Rachel tonight? | c Yes, she will. Is that OK? |
| 4 Is the train going to be late? | d Yes, we are. I think it'll be really good. |
| 5 Will they arrive on time? | e OK. That's a good idea. |
| 6 Are you both going to watch the tennis match? | f Yes, it is. Sue called to say she's still waiting at the station. |
| 7 Will your sister want to come with us? | g Yes, he is. He's bought some pizzas. |
| 8 Is Dan cooking dinner tonight? | h No, it won't. At this time of year it's usually warm. |

B Read the reasons for using different future forms below.

Find an example in Exercise A to match each reason.

- 1 Will for predictions based on what you think: *Will it be cold in Germany?*
- 2 Shall for offers and suggestions:
- 3 Present continuous for plans when we already know the time and place:
- 4 Be going to for predictions about the future based on what we see or know now:

C Change these sentences into questions (?) or negatives (x).

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 She's arriving at 10 pm tonight. (?) | <i>Is she arriving at 10 pm tonight?</i> |
| 2 This film will be very exciting. (x) | <i>This film won't be very exciting.</i> |
| 3 We're going to be late. (?) | |
| 4 I'll need my passport at the hotel. (?) | |
| 5 Susan's going to the party, so I'll go. (x) | |
| 6 You'll enjoy this book. (x) | |
| 7 It's going to snow tonight. (?) | |
| 8 You're going to be sick. (?) | |
| 9 Your parents will be angry. (?) | |
| 10 We're going to win the match. (x) | |

Use Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous:

1. Ann's clothes are covered in paint. She (paint) the ceiling.
2. The ceiling was white. Now it is blue. She (paint) the ceiling.
3. The car is OK again now. I (repair) it.
4. My hands are very dirty. I (repair) the car.
5. She (smoke) too much recently. She should smoke less.
6. Somebody (smoke) all my cigarettes. The packet is empty.
7. Where's the book I gave you? What you (do) with it?
8. It's nice to see you again. What you (do)?
9. Where have you been? You (play) tennis?
10. You ever (play) tennis?
11. How long you (read) that book?
12. How many pages of that book you (read)?
13. Mary (write) ten letters today.
14. Mary is still writing letters. She (write) letters all day.
15. They (play) tennis three times this week.
16. They (play) tennis since 2 o'clock.
17. I (know) about it for a long time.
18. She (be) in hospital since Monday.
19. How long they (be) married? – They (be) married for 20 years.
20. How long you (wait)?
21. We (know) each other for a long time.
22. I (learn) English for a long time.
23. It (rain) since I got up this morning.
24. I (not see) Tom since Monday.
25. Jane (not phone) me for two weeks.
26. I (lose) my purse. You (see) it anywhere?
27. I (look) for you for the last half hour.
28. Tim is still watching television. He (watch) television all day.
29. Tom! What you (do)? Look at yourself!
30. Look! Somebody (break) into the flat!
31. I hope the bus comes soon. We (wait) for 20 minutes.
32. The children's mouths are full because they (eat).
33. Ann isn't hungry. She just (have) lunch.
34. Mr Hugg doesn't realize that he (make) a serious mistake.
35. I'm sure that the boy (watch) TV. He just (turn) it off.
36. Sometimes I wake up in the middle of the night. Then I am frightened but soon I realize that I (dream).

I(e). PAST PERFECT / PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

57. ★ Complete the sentences with the Past Perfect Continuous.

1. I _____ (translate) the text since early morning. I was tired.
2. The place was messy. Someone _____ (repair) the shed.
3. His hands were covered with paint. He _____ (redecorate) the living room.
4. It _____ (pour) all night and the streets overflowed.
5. Jack's face was filthy. He _____ (dig) the underground tunnel.
6. The students were exhausted. They _____ (write) the essay for three hours.
7. Father and mother were angry because they _____ (wait) for Monica since 5 o'clock.
8. The child had a stomachache. He _____ (eat) biscuits without stopping.
9. Jane and her sister were ready for the trip. They _____ (save) up since they started working.
10. The sportsmen were fit and strong. They _____ (train) for months.

58. ★★ Complete the sentences with the Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous.

1. Mary _____ (bake) three cakes by the time her guests arrived.
2. She _____ (bake) three cakes for two hours and a half.
1. James _____ (travel) for four hours before he reached the Alps.
2. James _____ (travel) all over Europe by the time he was fifty years old.
1. The student _____ (work) on the project since last week and was very tired.
2. The student _____ (work) in five companies before he got a permanent job.
1. He couldn't go to the disco until he _____ (not/clean) the attic.
2. He _____ (clean) the attic for an hour and a half when his parents came.
1. Monica _____ (play) in nearly a hundred competitions before she became a champion.
2. Monica _____ (play) tennis for nearly an hour and was out of breath.

59. ★★★ Complete the sentences with the Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous.

Unforgettable trip

Last weekend my family went camping to the lake. We knew the place very well because we (1) _____ (camp) there for years. We (2) _____ (be) there ten or twelve times and liked the place. However, it was the worst trip we (3) _____ (ever/have).

Father (4) _____ (try) to make a fire for half an hour when it started to rain. My brother (5) _____ (fish) for two hours and (6) _____ (manage) to get only one fish by lunch time. We regretted that we (7) _____ (not/bring) tinned food. My sister Jessica (8) _____ (look) for fresh water since we came, but she (9) _____ (lose) her way. We (10) _____ (search) for her for an hour until we found her under the tree. She (11) _____ (fall) asleep. While we were searching for Jessica, mother complained that she (12) _____ (hurt) her foot on the stone. The wound (13) _____ (bleed) for ten minutes until we bandaged it with leaves and grass. Certainly, we (14) _____ (forget) to take the first aid kit. At last we returned to the camp.

My aunt Emily couldn't put up a tent. She (15) _____ (try) to do this for forty minutes before we came to help her. Our uncle James had a surprise for us too – he (16) _____ (forget) a tea pot, so we couldn't make tea and coffee. We (17) _____ (be) thirsty since we came because we (18) _____ (not/take) drinks from home. Luckily, little Billy returned and said that he (19) _____ (find) a stream. What a relief! Father said that he (20) _____ (never/have) such a bad trip.

In the evening we started packing our things. Mother (21) _____ (gather) all the things for an hour because we (22) _____ (scatter) our bags, tents and clothes all over the ground. Finally, my grandfather said that he (23) _____ (enjoy) the trip as it was the first time he (24) _____ (ever/see) so many funny people in one place.

60. ★★★ Complete the sentences with the Past Perfect or the Past Perfect Continuous.

St. Valentine's Day

Last month we celebrated St. Valentine's day. It was the most wonderful festival we (1) _____ (ever/be) to. The boys (2) _____ (print) two hundred cards with love quotations before the festival started. They (3) _____ (design) the cards for two months. The girls (4) _____ (make) a lot of little presents and (5) _____ (decorate) them with hearts by the time the festival began. They (6) _____ (prepare) these presents for months.

On the very day of the festival the performance began. The school drama group (7) _____ (rehearse) for two months before St. Valentine's day came. The actors (8) _____ (have) about fifty rehearsals. The performance was a real hit! The students said that they (9) _____ (like) it greatly. Some of the students regretted that they (10) _____ (not/see) it.

Later, we all went outside and danced. We (11) _____ (dance) for about an hour when the rain started. We kept on dancing in the rain and everybody admitted that they (12) _____ (not/dance) in the rain before. Everybody was cheering with joy.

Then our pop band gave a concert. They (13) _____ (play) for thirty minutes when suddenly the lights went out. The band (14) _____ (play) under such circumstances before, so they kept on singing in the light of candles. It was the most exciting concert we (15) _____ (ever/see). After the band (16) _____ (finish) the performance, we exchanged presents. But midnight came and all students went home.

Next morning we found the photos of the festival in the school newspaper. The school reporter (17) _____ (take) the most fascinating moments during the party. He said that he (18) _____ (develop) the film all night and was tired, but he wanted to make a surprise. After the school principal (19) _____ (see) the pictures, he was sorry that he (20) _____ (not/take part) in the festival.